

## Quantum Mechanics I - Module 8

Consider the hydrogen atom and its eigenstates, omitting effects due to fine structure.

1. For the hydrogen eigenstate  $|210\rangle$  determine the
  - (a) expectation value of the energy
  - (b) expectation value of the total orbital angular momentum
  - (c) expectation value of the z component of orbital angular momentum
  - (d) expectation value of the x component of orbital angular momentum
  - (e) possible values of total angular momentum
  
2. Now replace the electron with a muon, which has a mass of  $m_\mu \approx 200 m_e$ .
  - (a) What is the ratio of the ground state energy of the muonic atom to that of the hydrogen atom?
  - (b) What is the ratio of the wavelength of a transition from the  $n = 2$  to the  $n = 1$  state of the muonic atom to that of hydrogen?
  
3. Consider the hydrogen atom (ignoring the spin-orbit interaction), with eigenfunctions given by the chart on page 243 of your textbook.
  - (a) For a given eigenfunction  $\psi_{nlm}$ , what is the energy?
  - (b) Consider the  $r$  dependence:
    - (1) Find the expectation value of  $r$  for the  $n = 1, l = 0$  state by explicit calculation. Check units.
    - (2) Do you expect the expectation value of  $r$  for, say, the  $n = 2, l = 0$  state to be bigger or smaller? Why?
  
4. Suppose we had singly ionized helium (2 protons and 2 neutrons in the nucleus, one electron) instead of hydrogen.
  - (a) By what factor would the energy levels  $E_n$  change with respect to hydrogen?
  - (b) By what factor would the fractional energy spacing  $E_{n+1} - E_n$  change with respect to hydrogen?